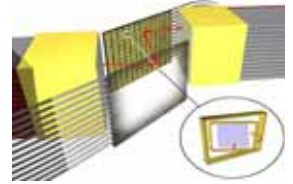


All-optical network of next generation Calient DiamondWave® PXC

- Network construction of flexible, high reliability is realized by PXC -

By a GMPLS interconnect with an other layer device, it realizes dynamic switching in a network physically. As a result, setting of the most suitable pass of End-to-End is enabled easily and it takes a detour course at the time of obstacle outbreak automatically.

Maximum Switch Size 256 x 256
Non-blocking · Low-Loss



MEMS
(Micro Electro-Mechanical Systems)

APPLICATIONS

- NGN (Next generation networks) by telecom career
- Service of low cost / flexibility / high reliability
- An office with much connection changes of optical fiber

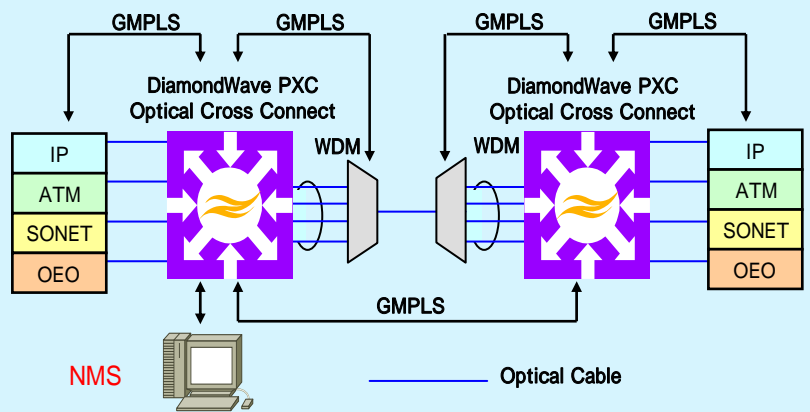
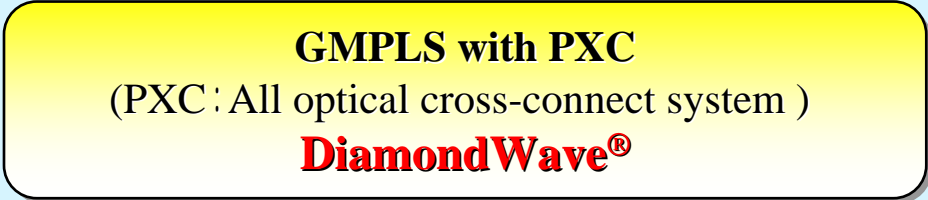
FEATURES

- All optical cross-connect system by 3D MEMS Optical Switch
- GMPLS (Generalized Multi-Protocol Label Switching) network intelligence



DiamondWave® PXC

2134 mm (H) x 864 mm (W) x 693 mm (D)



BENEFITS

Reduce opex and capex

- Highest capacity in most compact footprint , low power consumption
- Extension easiness by interface free and bit-rate free
- Efficiency improvement of NW Provisioning by GMPLS

Network construction with high reliability

- End-to-end & automated network provisioning by GMPLS
- Route change by automatic operation at failure by GMPLS

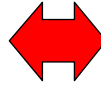
DiamondWave® is a trademark of Calient Network Inc.

Research & Development information

IP-Photonic traffic engineering network

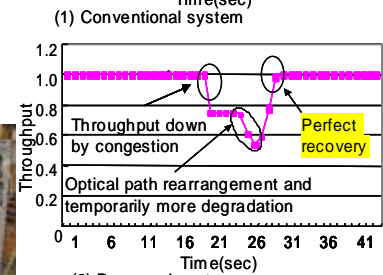
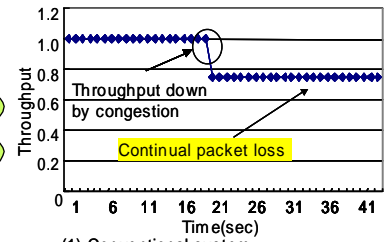
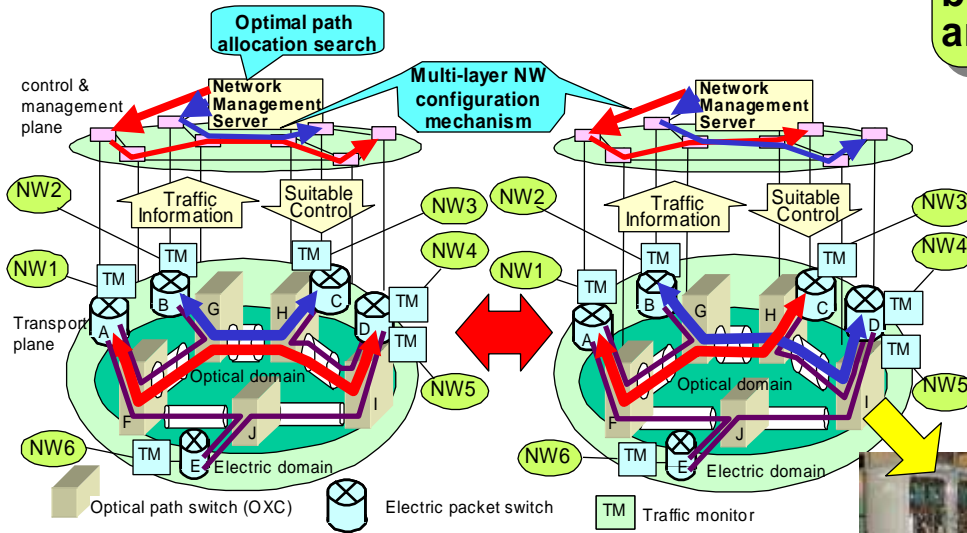
- Dynamic path allocation system -

When the traffic between NW1&NW4, NW2&NW3 are heavy



When the traffic between NW1&NW3, NW2&NW4 are heavy

Objectives
Maximization of network throughput by dynamic path rearrangement



Experimental results

Acknowledgement A part of this work is supported by National Institute of Information and Communication Technology in Japan(NICT).

Target System

Objectives of operation

Maximization of throughput

How to?

Dynamic rearrangement of optical path and packet forwarding route

Target

Tbit/s node using optical layer cut-through

Expectation

Improvement of efficiency of resource utilization in IP optical multi-layer network

Multi-service network, SLA, provisioning, etc....

Demonstration of key technology 1

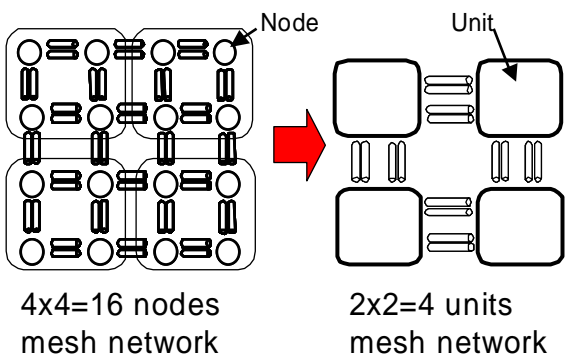
High-speed optimal Optical-path and Packet-forwarding-route search Engine

Method1

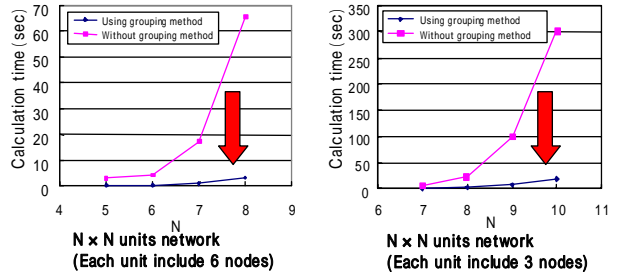
Heuristic algorithm in which paths are allocated between 2 nodes in order of traffic volume, then search better answer

Method2

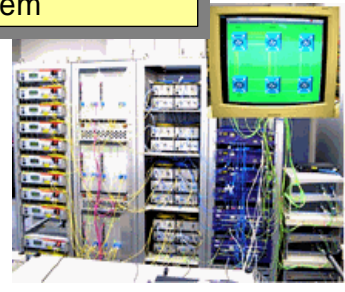
Reduction of calculation time based on grouping method



Examples of performance



Experiment using 6 nodes test-bed system

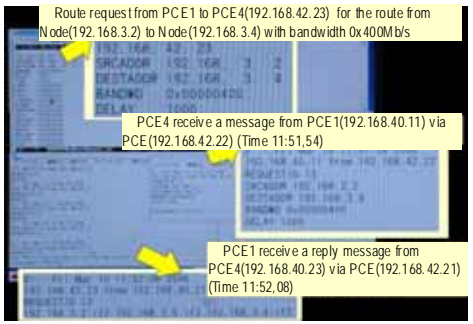
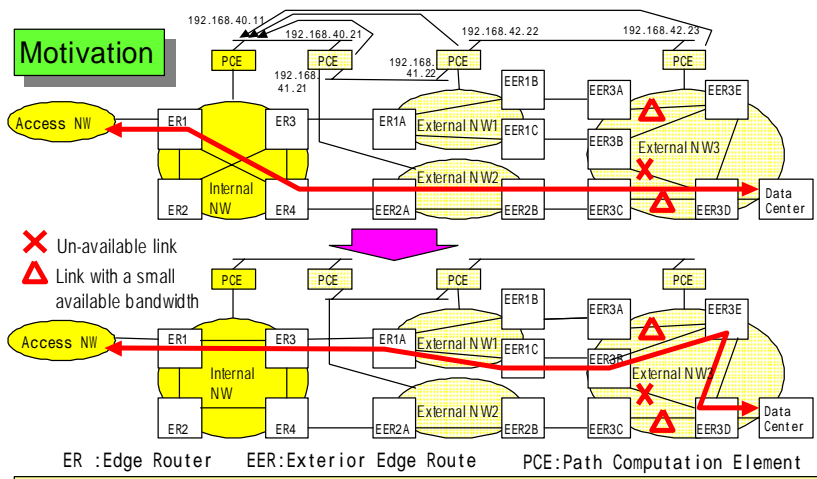


Demonstration of key technology 2

Path route calculation in corporation with external network using PCEP

Now Demonstrated in ShowCase Area

Motivation



Oki's implementation

- Basic functions route request / reply, session open, error notification etc . . .
- Auto discovery and information flooding

PCEP=Path Computation Element Communication Protocol (Will be RFC in IETF)

- Applications Traffic engineering, Multi-layer/multi-domain network, Partial visibility, etc . . .